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DOCUMENTATION OF ENVIRONMENTAL INDICATOR DETERMINATION

InterimFinal 2/5/99

RCRA Corrective Action Environmental Indicator (EI) RCRIS code (CA750)

Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control

Facility Name: Conoco Phillips Sweeny Refinery and Petrochemical Complex
Facility Address: P.O. Box 866, Sweeny, TX 77480
Facility EPA ID #: TXD048210645

1.	Has all available relevant/significant information on known and reasonably suspected releases to the groundwater media, subject to RCRA Corrective Action (e.g., from Solid Waste Management Units (SWMU), Regulated Units (RU), and Areas of Concern (AOC)), been considered in this EI determination?		
	x If	Eyes - check here and continue with #2 below.	
	If	no - re-evaluate existing data, or	
	if	data are not available, skip to #8 and enter" IN" (more information needed) status code	

BACKGROUND

Definition of Environmental Indicators (for the RCRA Corrective Action)

Environmental Indicators (EI) are measures being used by the RCRA Corrective Action programto go beyond programmatic activity measures (e.g., reports received and approved, etc.) to track changes in the quality of the environment. The two EI developed to-date indicate the quality of the environment in relation to current human exposures to contamination and the migration of contaminated groundwater. An EI for non-human (ecological) receptors is intended to be developed in the future.

Definition of "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI

A positive "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI determination ("YE" status code) indicates that the migration of contaminated groundwater has stabilized, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the original "area of contaminated groundwater" (for all groundwater "contamination" subject to RCRA corrective action at or from the identified facility (i.e., site-wide)).

Relationship of EI to Final Remedies

While Final remedies remain the long-term objective of the RCRA Corrective Action program the EI are near-term objectives which are currently being used as Program measures for the Government Performance and Results Act of 1993, GPRA). The "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" EI pertains ONLY to the physical migration (i.e., further spread) of contaminated ground water and contaminants within groundwater (e.g., non-aqueous phase liquids or NAPLs). Achieving this EI does not substitute for achieving other stabilization or final remedy requirements and expectations associated with sources of contamination and the need to restore, wherever practicable, contaminated groundwater to be suitable for its designated current and future uses.

<u>Duration / Applicability of EI Determinations</u>

EI Determinations status codes should remain in RCRIS national database ONLY as long as they remain true (i.e., RCRIS status codes must be changed when the regulatory authorities become aware of contrary information).

2.	Is groundwater known or reasonably suspected to be "contaminated" above appropriately protective "levels" (i.e., applicable promulgated standards, as well as other appropriate standards, guidelines, guidance, or criteria) from releases subject to RCRA Corrective Action, anywhere at, or from the facility		
		If yes - continue after identifying key contaminants, citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation.	
	x	If no - skip to #8 and enter "YE" status code, after citing appropriate "levels," and referencing supporting documentation to demonstrate that groundwater is not "contaminated."	
		Ifunknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.	
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Rationale and Reference(s):

For East and West Landfarm and South Contaminated Ponds and Amine Pond the Ground-Water Protection Standard as specified in the Compliance Plan CP-50186-001 is being met at all point of compliance wells. There has been no release to groundwater from units 1C and 1D Aeration Ponds, North Refinery Landfarm, Spill Area, and West Site consisting of FCC Catalyst Pond , Alky Pond and Oily Solids Pond. Although Phenol is present in some wells in the vicinity of the West Landfarm and West Site the concentrations detected in groundwater are less than RRS 2 MSC.

Footnotes:

¹" Contamination" and "contaminated" describes media containing contaminants (in any form, NAPL and/or dissolved, vapors, or solids, that are subject to RCRA) in concentrations in excess of appropriate "levels" (appropriate for the protection of the groundwater resource and its beneficial uses).

	If yes - continue, after presenting or referencing the physical evidence (e.g., groundw sampling/measurement/migration barrier data) and rationale why contaminated groundwater is expected to remain within the (horizontal or vertical) dimensions of "existing area of groundwater contamination".
	If no (contaminated groundwater is observed or expected to migrate beyond the designated locations defining the "existing area of groundwater contamination" ²) - #8 and enter "NO" status code, after providing an explanation.
	Ifunknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
Rationale and Re	ference(s):

Reasonable allowances in the proximity of the monitoring locations are permissible to incorporate formal remedy decisions (i.e., including public participation) allowing a limited area for natural attenuation.

	'contaminated' groundwater discharge into surface water bodies?
	If yes - continue after identifying potentially affected surface water bodies.
	If no - skip to #7 (and enter a "YE" status code in #8, if #7 = yes) after providing an explanation and/or referencing documentation supporting that groundwater "contamination" does not enter surface water bodies.
	Ifunknown - skip to #8 and enter "IN" status code.
Ration	ale and Reference(s):

5.	maximum concent appropriate grou discharging cont	of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water likely to be "insignificant" (i.e., the tration of feach contaminant discharging into surface water is less than 10 times their indwater "level," and there are no other conditions (e.g., the nature, and number, of taminants, or environmental setting), which significantly increase the potential for exacts to surface water, sediments, or eco-systems at these concentrations)?
		If yes - skip to #7 (and enter "YE" status code in #8 if #7 = yes), after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of key contaminants discharged above their groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) provide a statement of professional judgement/explanation (or reference documentation) supporting that the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water is not anticipated to have unacceptable impacts to the receiving surface water, sediments, or eco-system
		If no - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater into surface water is potentially significant) - continue after documenting: 1) the maximum known or reasonably suspected concentration of each contaminant discharged above its groundwater "level," the value of the appropriate "level(s)," and if there is evidence that the concentrations are increasing; and 2) for any contaminants discharging into surface water in concentrations greater than 100 times their appropriate groundwater "levels," the estimated total amount (mass in kg/yr) of each of these contaminants that are being discharged (loaded) into the surface water body (at the time of the determination), and identify if there is evidence that the amount of discharging contaminants is increasing.
	Rationale and Re	Ifunknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.

³ As measured in groundwater prior to entry to the groundwater-surface water/sediment interaction (e.g., hyporheic) zone.

	final remedy decision can be made and implemented ⁴)?
	If yes - continue after either: 1) identifying the Final Remedy decision incorporating to conditions, or other site-specific criteria (developed for the protection of the site's survater, sediments, and eco-systems), and referencing supporting documentation
	demonstrating that these criteria are not exceeded by the discharging groundwater; O 2) providing or referencing an interim-assessment, ⁵ appropriate to the potential for
	impact, that shows the discharge of groundwater contaminants into the surface water in the opinion of a trained specialists, including ecologist) adequately protective of reconsurface water, sediments, and eco-systems, until such time when a full assessment and final remedy decision can be made. Factors which should be considered in the interim
	assessment (where appropriate to help identify the impact associated with discharging groundwater) include: surface water body size, flow, use/classification/habitats and contaminant loading limits, other sources of surface water/sediment contamination, surface water and sediment sample results and comparisons to available and appropria surface water and sediment "levels," as well as any other factors, such as effects on ecological receptors (e.g., via bio-assays/benthic surveys or site-specific ecological R Assessments), that the overseeing regulatory agency would deemappropriate for making the EI determination.
	Ifno - (the discharge of "contaminated" groundwater can not be shown to be "current acceptable") - skip to #8 and enter "NO" status code, after documenting the currently unacceptable impacts to the surface water body, sediments, and/or eco-systems.
	Ifunknown - skip to 8 and enter "IN" status code.
Rationa	ale and Reference(s):
	

⁴ Note, because areas of inflowing groundwater can be critical habitats (e.g., nurseries or thermal refugia) for many species, appropriate specialist (e.g., ecologist) should be included in management decisions that could eliminate these areas by significantly altering or reversing groundwater flow pathways near surface water bodies.

⁵ The understanding of the impacts of contaminated groundwater discharges into surface water bodies is a rapidly developing field and reviewers are encouraged to look to the latest guidance for the appropriate methods and scale of demonstration to be reasonably certain that discharges are not causing currently unacceptable impacts to the surface waters, sediments or eco-systems.

vertical, as nec	the future to verify that contaminated groundwater has remained within the horizontal (dessary) dimensions of the "existing area of contaminated groundwater?"
	If yes - continue after providing or citing documentation for planned activities or future sampling/measurement events. Specifically identify the well/measurement locations which will be tested in the future to verify the expectation (identified in #3) that groundwater contamination will not be migrating horizontally (or vertically, as necessary beyond the "existing area of groundwater contamination."
	_ Ifno - enter "NO" status code in #8.
	_ Ifunknown - enter "IN" status code in #8.
Rationale and	Reference(s):

8.	Check the appropriate RCRIS status codes for the Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control EI (event code CA750), and obtain Supervisor (or appropriate Manager) signature and date on the EI determination below (attach appropriate supporting documentation as well as a map of the facility).				
	x	YE - Yes, "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater Under Control" has been verified. Based on a review of the information contained in this EI determination, it has been determined that the "Migration of Contaminated Groundwater" is "Under Control" at the Conoco Phillip Sweeny Refinery and Petrochemical Complex facility, EPA ID # TXD048210645, located at Texas State Hwy. 35 and FM 524, Old Ocean, TX. Specifically, this determination indicates that the migration of "contaminated" groundwater is under control, and that monitoring will be conducted to confirm that contaminated groundwater remains within the "existing area of contaminated groundwater". This determination will be re-evaluated when the Agency becomes aware of significant changes at the facility.			
		NO - Unacceptable migration of contaminat	ed groundwater is observed or expected.		
		IN - More information is needed to make a d	etermination.		
	Completed by	(signature) (print) Maureen Hatfield (title) Senior Project Manager	Date 02-06-2003		
	Supervisor	(signature) (print) (title) (EPA Region or State)	Date		
	Locations where	References may be found:			
	suppor TCEQ	a copy of this facility's database printout. His the "YE" determination. Central Records Phillips Sweeny Refinery and Petrochemical			
	Contact telephor	Contact telephone and e-mail numbers			
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